INITIATION TO NEWBORN SCREENING: Our experience of sickle disease

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- ▶ Neo-Natal screening not compulsory in Algeria
- Care of patients and family based on sickle disease model
- ► INFORMATION +++++

family shed light on metabolic disorder

► Several **STEPS** well defined for succes

RECOGNISING OF DISEASE

- ► Diagnosis positive : DIFFICULT and COMPLEX
- ► FINE CLINICAL TEST (detailed family history)
- ► ALL ACTORS :
 - Initial training valided
 - Periodic upgrade
- ▶ POLES OF REFERENCE
- ► COMPETENCES NETWORKS (guidelines, consensus)
- ▶ PRIVATE and PUBLIC SECTOR

ANNOUNCEMENT

- ► Parents, sib-ship, circle of acquaintances
- ► HUMANISME and RESPECT (time, area)
- ► Based on RELIABLE, SUCCESSFULL, IRREFUTABLE biological test++++++

TREATMENT and CARE

- ► To treat ≠ To prescribe :
 - drug lack or not produced
 - prohibitive prices of drug
- Cost of monitoring and checking biological tests
- Reduce the costs

Attenuate the unfairness
Disponibility of drugs

in the region and country

ACCOMPANIMENT and SUPPORT

► Health Staff (multidisciplinary team):

recognizing of genetic speciality education + training of primary health workers integration of genetic services into primary health care systems more emphasis or practical guidelines for approch common genetic and metabolic disorders

Associative movements

Public authorities :

education of public (mass media campains with respects religious beliefs)
initiation of screening programme and anomalies birth registries
introduction of new technology
framework with another staff

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definition of ethical, legal, religious and cultural factors in
formulating genetic services(prenatal genetic diagnosis
and termination of foetus affected by genetic or
congenital diosorder)

PREDICTIVE MEDICINE

- ► Requires other actors than public health
- ► Era of GENOMIC INVENTORY :

→ PREDICTIVE MEDICINE

Science and Ethics :



Human well-being with account socio-cultural realities

CONCLUSIONS

► Born without risk:

first order of contemporary perinatal medicine right of unborn child

- ► Neo-natal screening protect child from real or potential handicaps
- Screening programme depends on many factors political, economic, social, educationnal
- ► Benefice of national and regional framework